

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

Edexcel

International GCSE

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Further Pure Mathematics

Paper 1

Thursday 17 January 2013 – Morning

Time: 2 hours

Paper Reference

4PM0/01

Calculators may be used.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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PEARSON

Answer all ELEVEN questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all stages in your working.

- 1** (a) On the axes below sketch the lines with equations

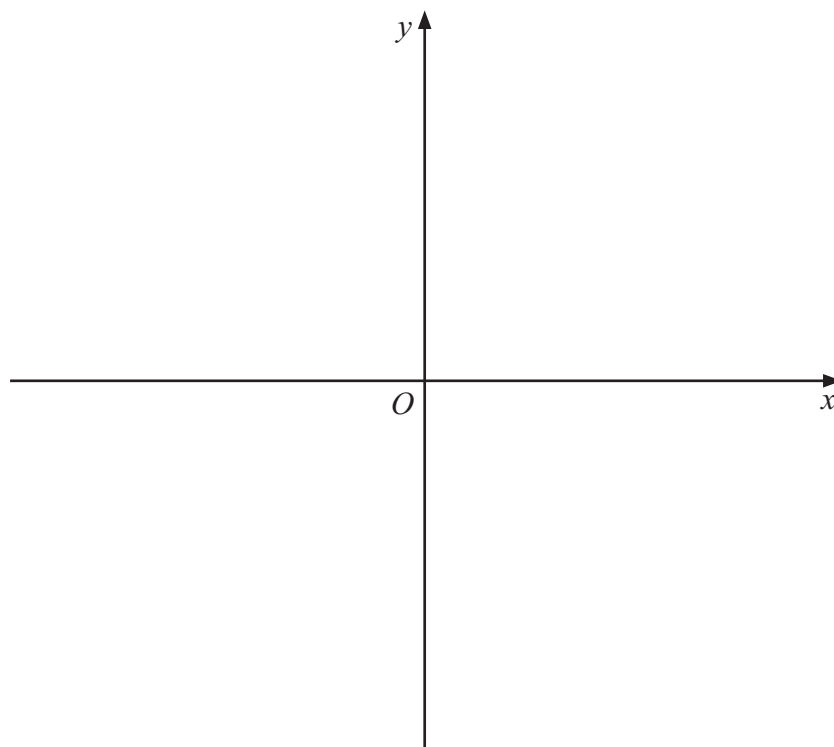
(i) $y = 8$ (ii) $y + x = 6$ (iii) $y = 3x - 4$

Show the coordinates of the points where each line crosses the coordinate axes.

(3)

- (b) Show, by shading, the region R which satisfies $y \geq 3x - 4$, $y + x \geq 6$, $x \geq 0$ and $y \leq 8$

(1)



(Total for Question 1 is 4 marks)



2 The equation $x^2 + 4px + 9 = 0$ has unequal real roots. Find the set of possible values of p . (4)

(Total for Question 2 is 4 marks)



3

$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 6x + 7$$

Given that $f(x)$ can be written in the form $A(x + B)^2 + C$, where A , B and C are rational numbers,

(a) find the value of A , the value of B and the value of C .

(3)

(b) Hence, or otherwise, find

(i) the value of x for which $\frac{1}{f(x)}$ is a maximum,

(ii) the maximum value of $\frac{1}{f(x)}$.

(2)

4



(continued from page 10)



(continued from page 10)



(Total for Question 3 is 9 marks)



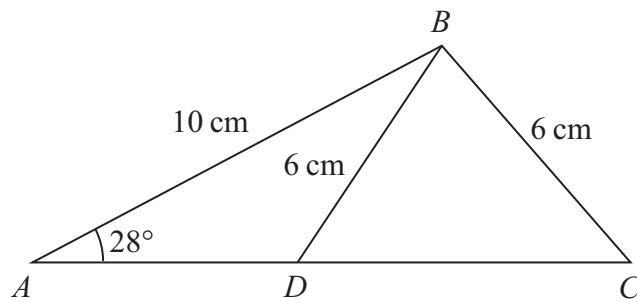


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

Figure 1

Figure 1 shows triangle ABC with $AB = 10$ cm, $BC = 6$ cm and $\angle BAC = 28^\circ$. The point D lies on AC such that $BD = 6$ cm.

- (a) Find, to the nearest 0.1° , the size of $\angle DBC$. (4)
- (b) Find, to 3 significant figures, the length of AD . (3)
- (c) Find, to 3 significant figures, the area of triangle ABC . (3)



(Total for Question 6 is 10 marks)



7 The point C with coordinates $(2, 1)$ is the centre of a circle which passes through the point A with coordinates $(3, 3)$.

(a) Find the radius of the circle.

(2)

The line AB is a diameter of the circle.

(b) Find the coordinates of B .

(2)

The points D with coordinates $(0, 2)$ and E with coordinates $(4, 0)$ lie on the circle.

(c) Show that DE is a diameter of the circle.

(2)

The point P has coordinates (x, y) .

(d) Find an expression, in terms of x and y , for the length of CP .

(2)

Given that the point P lies on the circle,

(e) show that $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 2y = 0$

(2)

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(Total for Question 6 is 11 marks)





(Total for Question 9 is 11 marks)



$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 5x + 1$$

The equation $f(x) = 0$ has roots α and β . Without solving the equation

(a) find the value of $\alpha^2 + \beta^2$

(3)

(b) show that $\alpha^4 + \beta^4 = \frac{433}{16}$

(2)

(c) form a quadratic equation with integer coefficients which has roots

$$\left(\alpha^2 + \frac{1}{\alpha^2}\right) \text{ and } \left(\beta^2 + \frac{1}{\beta^2}\right)$$

(7)





(100% FOR QUESTION NO. 16 - ANSWER YES)



11

$$f(x) = x^3 + px^2 + qx + 6 \quad p, q \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Given that $f(x) = (x - 1)(x - 3)(x + r)$

(a) find the value of r .

(1)

Hence, or otherwise,

(b) find the value of p and the value of q .

(3)

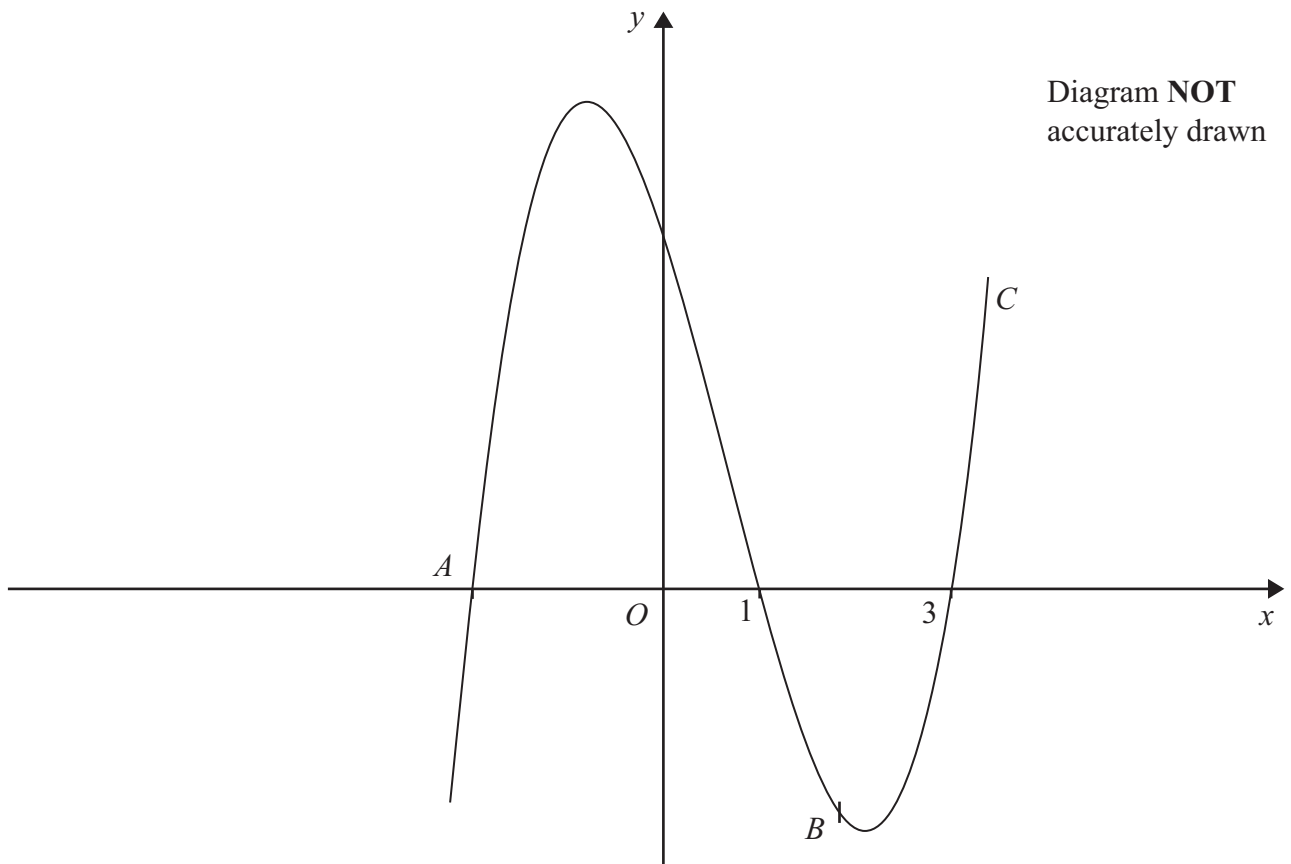


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows the curve C with equation $y = f(x)$ which crosses the x -axis at the points with coordinates $(3, 0)$ and $(1, 0)$ and at the point A . The point B on C has x -coordinate 2

(c) Find an equation of the tangent to C at B .

(5)

(d) Show that the tangent at B passes through A .

(2)

(e) Use calculus to find the area of the finite region bounded by C and the tangent at B .

(5)

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TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS