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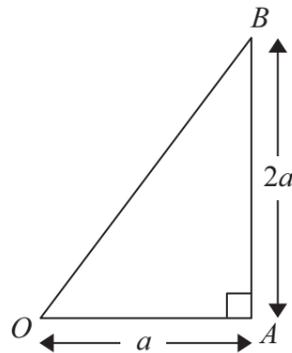


Figure 1

A uniform lamina of mass  $M$  is in the shape of a right-angled triangle  $OAB$ . The angle  $OAB$  is  $90^\circ$ ,  $OA = a$  and  $AB = 2a$ , as shown in Figure 1.

- (a) Prove, using integration, that the moment of inertia of the lamina  $OAB$  about the edge  $OA$  is  $\frac{2}{3}Ma^2$ .

(You may assume without proof that the moment of inertia of a uniform rod of mass  $m$  and length  $2l$  about an axis through one end and perpendicular to the rod is  $\frac{4}{3}ml^2$ .)

(6)

The lamina  $OAB$  is free to rotate about a fixed smooth horizontal axis along the edge  $OA$  and hangs at rest with  $B$  vertically below  $A$ . The lamina is then given a horizontal impulse of magnitude  $J$ . The impulse is applied to the lamina at the point  $B$ , in a direction which is perpendicular to the plane of the lamina. Given that the lamina first comes to instantaneous rest after rotating through an angle of  $120^\circ$ ,

- (b) find an expression for  $J$ , in terms of  $M$ ,  $a$  and  $g$ .

(7)

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