

General Certificate of Education (A-level) June 2012

Mathematics

MS/SS1A

(Specification 6360)

Statistics 1A

Mark Scheme

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Key to mark scheme abbreviations

| M | mark is for method |
|-------------|--|
| m or dM | mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method |
| A | mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy |
| В | mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy |
| E | mark is for explanation |
| √or ft or F | follow through from previous incorrect result |
| CAO | correct answer only |
| CSO | correct solution only |
| AWFW | anything which falls within |
| AWRT | anything which rounds to |
| ACF | any correct form |
| AG | answer given |
| SC | special case |
| OE | or equivalent |
| A2,1 | 2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks |
| −x EE | deduct x marks for each error |
| NMS | no method shown |
| PI | possibly implied |
| SCA | substantially correct approach |
| c | candidate |
| sf | significant figure(s) |
| dp | decimal place(s) |

No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award **full marks**. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns **full marks**, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains **no marks**.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

MS/SS1A/W

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
|----------|---|------------|-------|---|
| 1 (a) | Mean = 29.2 Mean = 29 to 30 | B2 (B1) | 2 | CAO AWFW $(\Sigma fx = 730)$ |
| Note | If B0 then clear use of $\Sigma fx/25 \implies M1$ | | | |
| (b) | Mean = $\frac{(219 \times 5.50) + (73 \times 6.50) + (438 \times 9.5)}{25}$ | M1 | | Allow divisor of 730 \Rightarrow 8 |
| | $= \frac{5840}{25} = £233 \text{ to } £234$ | A1 | 2 | AWFW; ignore units (£233.60) |
| (c) | 29.2 > 28 and/or (£233 to £234) < £250 so | B1 | | Either |
| | do not purchase business | Adep1 | 2 | Dependent on previous A1 and comparison with £250 |
| | Total | | 6 | |

| Q | Solution Solution | Marks | Total | Comments | |
|----------|--|--------------------------|-------|--|--|
| 2 (a) | $b 	mtext{ (gradient)} = \frac{2.27}{b 	mtext{ (gradient)}} = \frac{2.2 	mtext{ to } 2.3}{2.2 	mtext{ to } 2.3}$ $a 	mtext{ (intercept)} = \frac{4.16 	mtext{ to } 4.2}{3 	mtext{ to } 7}$ | B2 (B1) B2 (B1) | | AWRT (2.27075) AWFW Treat rounding of correct answers as ISW AWFW (4.16981) AWFW | |
| | Attempt at $\sum x \sum x^2 \sum y \& \sum xy (\sum y^2)$ | (M1) | | 480 24500 1140 & 57635 (135908) (all 4 attempted) | |
| | Attempt at S_{xx} & S_{xy} (S_{yy}) | (===) | | 5300 & 12035 (27608) (both attempted) | |
| | Attempt at correct formula for b (gradient) $b 	ext{ (gradient)} = \underline{2.27}$ $a 	ext{ (intercept)} = \underline{4.16 	ext{ to } 4.2}$ | (m1) (A1) (A1) | 4 | AWRT AWFW | |
| Notes | | | | | |
| (b) | Correct straight line drawn on scatter diagram Correct shortened and/or freehand line drawn on scatter diagram | B2 (B1) | 2 | Line must go from $x \le 20$ to $x \ge 70$ and fall between the following 2 lines: Lower: $(10, 25)$ $(80, 180)$ Upper: $(10, 30)$ $(80, 190)$ | |
| Notes | 1 If B0 but seen correct attempt at ≥2 points even if incorr 2 If B0 but no seen evidence to support ≥2 points (correct | | | | |
| (c)(i) | Correct straight line drawn on scatter diagram Correct shortened and/or freehand line drawn on scatter diagram | B2 (B1) | 2 | Line must go from $x \le 20$ to $x \ge 70$ and fall between the following 2 lines: Lower: $(10, 60)$ $(80, 75)$ Upper: $(10, 65)$ $(80, 85)$ | |
| Notes | 1 If B0 but seen correct attempt at ≥2 points even if incorr 2 If B0 but no seen evidence to support ≥2 points (correct | | | | |
| (ii) | <u>27 to 29</u> | B1 | 1 | AWFW (calculation \Rightarrow 27.75) Must clearly identify x-value Thus (27 to 29, y-value) \Rightarrow B0 | |
| (iii) | At low temperatures more B (than A) dissolves At high temperatures more A (than B) dissolves | В1 | | Either; OE (eg a comparison using lines and/or data at a specific temperature but not at 0°C) | |
| | Amount increases more rapidly for A (than B) Amount increases more slowly for B (than A) | B1 | 2 | Either; OE Any comments about b or $a \Rightarrow B0$ Comment about 'rate' must relate to temp | |
| | Total | | 11 | | |

| | /W (cont) | Monles | Total | Comments |
|--------|--|----------|---------|---|
| Q 3 | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments Potics (og 194:640) are only penelised by |
| 3 | | | | Ratios (eg 194:640) are only penalised by 1 accuracy mark at first correct answer |
| (a)(i) | P(B = 3) = <u>194/640 or 97/320 or 0.303 or 30.3%</u> | B1 | 1 | CAO or AWRT (0.303125) |
| (ii) | $P(T \ge 2) = \frac{172 + 256 + 135}{640} \text{ or } 1 - \frac{77}{640} \text{ or } \frac{563}{640}$ | M1 | | CAO |
| | $= \underline{563/640}$ | A1 | 2 | CAO |
| | or (0.879 to 0.88) or (87.9% to 88%) | AI | 2 | AWFW (0.879688) |
| (iii) | $P(B = 3 \& T \ge 2) = \frac{72 + 99 + 16}{640} \text{ or } \frac{194 - 7}{640} \text{ or } \frac{187}{640}$ | M1 | | |
| | = 187/640 or 0.292 or 29.2% | A1 | 2 | CAO or AWRT (0.292188) |
| (iv) | $P(B \le 3 \mid T = 2) = \frac{(14 + 67 + 72)}{172} \text{ or } \frac{172 - 19}{172} \text{ or } \frac{153}{172}$ | M1 M1 | | Correct numerator (accept both ÷ 640) Correct denominator |
| | = <u>153/172</u> | A1 | 3 | CAO |
| | or (0.888 to 0.89) or (88.8% to 89%) | | | AWFW (0.889535) |
| (b) | $P(2T \cap 3T \cap \ge 4T \mid B = 3) = \frac{72}{194} \times \frac{99}{193} \times \frac{16}{192}$ | M1 M1 | | Correct 3 values multiplied in numerator Correct 3 values multiplied in denominator 0.371 × 0.513 × 0.083 (all AWRT) ⇒ M1 M1 (OE products) |
| | abc multiplied by 6 or 3 | M1 | | 0 < (a, b & c) < 1 |
| | = 0.095 to 0.0952 | A1 | 4 | AWFW (0.095187) |
| Notes | 1 Incorrect answer with no working ⇒ 0 marks 2 The 3 correct fractions/decimals identified but not multiplied (eg added) ⇒ M1 M0 M0 A0 3 The 3 correct fractions/decimals identified together with 0.016 (AWRT) ⇒ M1 M1 M0 A0 4 A denominator of ¹⁹⁴ C ₃ = 1198144 ⇒ M2 (2 nd & 3 rd M1 marks) | | | |
| | | | <u></u> | |
| | Total | | 12 | |

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
|----------|--|--------|----------------|--|
| 4 (a) | B(n, p) | M1 | | Used correctly anywhere in question |
| | $P(C=2) = {10 \choose 2} (0.275)^2 (0.725)^8$ | A1 | | Can be implied by a correct answer |
| | = 0.259 to 0.26 | A1 | 3 | AWFW (0.25977) |
| (b) | $n = \underline{40}$ and $p = \underline{0.35}$ | B1 | | CAO both; used in (b) |
| (i) | $P(G \le 15)$ = <u>0.694 to 0.695</u> | B1 | 2 | AWFW (0.6946) |
| (ii) | $P(10 \le G \le 20) = 0.9827 \text{ or } 0.9637$ (p_1) | M1 | | Accept 3 dp rounding or truncation |
| | MINUS 0.0644 or 0.1215 (p_2) | M1 | | Accept 3 dp rounding or truncation |
| | $= 0.918 \text{ to } 0.92 (p_3)$ | A1 | 3 | AWFW (0.9183) |
| Notes | 1 $p_3 \le 0$ or $p_3 \ge 1 \implies M0 M0 A0$ 2 $p_2 - p_1 \implies M0 M0 A0$ 3 $(1-p_2) - p_1 \implies M0 M0 A0$ | l I | 4 5 6 (1 | $\begin{array}{c} p_{1} - (1 - p_{2}) \implies \text{M1 M0 A0} \\ p_{1} \times p_{2} \implies \text{M1 M0 A0} \\ -p_{2}) - (1 - p_{1}) \implies \text{M1 M1 (A1)} \end{array}$ |
| (c) | $n = \underline{50}$ and $p = \underline{0.85}$ | | | |
| | $P(R > 40 \mid p = 0.85) = P(A < 10 \mid p = 0.15)$ | M1 | | Attempt to change from R to A |
| | = 0.7911 or 0.8801 | m1 | | Accept 3 dp rounding or truncation |
| | = 0.79 to 0.792 | A1 | | AWFW (0.7911) |
| | OR | | | |
| | $P(R \le 40 \mid p = 0.85) = 0.2089 \text{ or } 0.1199$ | (M1) | | Accept 3 dp rounding or truncation |
| | $P(R > 40 \mid p = 0.85) = 1 - (0.2089 \text{ or } 0.1199)$ | (m1) | | Requires '1 -' Can be implied by 0.79 to 0.792 but not by 0.88 to 0.881 |
| | = 0.79 to 0.792 | (A1) | 3 | AWFW (0.7911) |
| | Total | | 11 | |

| Q | /W (cont) Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
|---------------|--|----------|-------|---|
| 5 | | | | In (a)(i) & (c), ignore the inclusion of a lower limit of 0; it has no effect on either answer |
| (a) | Weight, $W \sim N(2.75, 0.15^2)$ | | | |
| (i) | $P(W < 2.8) = P\left(Z < \frac{2.8 - 2.75}{0.15}\right)$ | M1 | | Standardising 2.8 with 2.75 and 0.15; allow (2.75 – 2.8) |
| | = $P(Z < 0.33 \text{ or } 1/3)$ | A1 | | AWRT/CAO; ignore inequality and sign May be implied by a correct answer |
| | = 0.629 to 0.633 | A1 | | AWFW (0.63056) |
| (ii) | P(W > 2.5) = P(Z > -1.67) = P(Z < +1.67) | M1 | | Correct area change May be implied by a correct answer or an answer > 0.5 |
| | = 0.951 to 0.953 | A1 | 5 | AWFW (0.95221) |
| (b) | Weight, $X \sim N(5.25, 0.20^2)$ | | | |
| (i) | P(5.1 < X < 5.3) = P(Z < 0.25) - P(Z < -0.75) $= 0.59871$ MINUS [(1 - 0.77337) or 0.22663] $= 0.372(08)$ | B1 B1 | 2 | Must have diff of 2 probs for each B1 Accept 0.599 Accept 0.773 or 0.227 Accept correct alternative methods AG; do not mark simply on answer |
| (ii) | $P(0 \text{ in } 4) = [1 - 0.372]^4$ | M1 | | Accept $[1 - c's (b)(i)]^4$ |
| | $= 0.628^4 = \underline{0.155 \text{ to } 0.156}$ | A1 | 2 | AWFW (0.15554) |
| (c) | Weight, $Y \sim N(10.75, 0.50^2)$ | | | |
| | Variance of $\overline{Y}_6 = \underline{0.5^2/6} = \underline{0.0416}$ to $\underline{0.0417}$ or Sd of $\overline{Y}_6 = \underline{0.5/\sqrt{6}} = \underline{0.204}$ | В1 | | CAO or AWFW Stated or used CAO or AWRT |
| | $P(\overline{Y}_6 < 10.5) = P(Z < \frac{10.5 - 10.75}{\sqrt{0.0416}}) =$ | M1 | | Standardising 10.5 with 10.75 and $\sqrt{0.0416}$ OE; allow (10.75 – 10.5) |
| | P(Z < -1.22) = 1 - P(Z < 1.22) = | m1 | | Correct area change May be implied by a correct answer or an answer < 0.5 ; but do not award for use of $z = \pm 0.22$ |
| | 1 - (0.88877 to 0.89065) = 0.109 to 0.112 | A1 | 4 | AWFW (0.11034) $(1 - answer) \Rightarrow B1 M1 max$ |
| | Total | | 13 | |

| Q | Solution | Marks | Total | Comments |
|----------|--|-------|------------|--|
| 6 (a) | $98\% (0.98) \Rightarrow z = 2.32 \text{ to } 2.33$ | B1 | | AWFW (2.3263) |
| | CI for μ is $\overline{x} \pm z \times \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$ | M1 | | Used with z (2.05 to 2.58), \overline{x} (5.05, 5050 or 181.8), σ (0.0075, 0.075, 0.75, 7.5 or 75) and $\div \sqrt{n}$ with $n > 1$ |
| | Thus $5.05 \pm 2.3263 \times \frac{0.075}{\sqrt{36}}$ | A1 | | z (2.05 to 2.06 or 2.32 to 2.33 or 2.57 to 2.58), \overline{x} (5.05) & σ (0.075) or \overline{x} (5050) & σ (75) and $\div \sqrt{36}$ or 35 |
| | Hence 5.05 ± 0.03 or 5050 ± 30 OR $(5.02, 5.08)$ or $(5020, 5080)$ | Adep1 | 4 | CAO/AWRT Dependent on previous A1 so can be scored with $z \neq 2.32$ to 2.33 Ignore (absence of) quoted units AWRT to 3sf accuracy |
| Note | Use of $t(2.43 \text{ to } 2.72) \implies B1 B0 M1 A0 A0 \text{ max}$ | | | |
| (b) | Clear correct comparison of 5 or 5000 with LCL or CI so agree with (first) claim (about mean) | Adep1 | | Dependent on Adep1 in (a) Must use consistent units |
| | (8/36 or 0.22 or 22%) v (1/10 or 0.10 or 10%) or 8 v 3.6 (3 to 4) | B1 | | Mention of a value on LHS and a value on RHS |
| | so 8/36 OE >/\neq 1/10 OE so disagree with (second) claim (about individuals) | Bdep1 | 3 | Dependent on B1 Explicit comparison of values and correct conclusion |
| Notes | 1 It/(claimed) mean/(claimed) value < LCL/CI ⇒ Adep0 2 98% have (mean) weights between CLs so ⇒ Adep0 3 Any reference to CI for second claim ⇒ B0 Bdep0 Cl |) | icate 5 or | |
| | Total | | 7 | |
| | TOTAL | | 60 | |
| | IUIAL |] | vv | |